

G connected reductive grp / F global field

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Automorphic forms} \\ \text{of } G \end{array} \right\} \leftrightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Langlands parameters} \\ \rho: \mathcal{L}_F \rightarrow {}^L G \end{array} \right\}$$

Automorphic forms:

- (1) Complex theory
 - (2) p -adic theory
 - (3) Algebraic automorphic forms, $\leftarrow$ algebro-geometric
 - (3) = (1) $\cap$ (2) cohomology of modular varieties, ... Arithmetic nature
- Bernstein center of real group?
(Isolation of cuspidal spectrum, ...)
conj about this

1. The stack of Langlands parameters

- $F = \mathbb{F}_q(X)$, X smooth proj curve / $\mathbb{F}_q$, $\text{char } F = p$.
- S non-empty finite set of places of X , $U = X - S$
- $W_{F,S} = \text{Weil}(U)$ $1 \rightarrow \pi_1^{\text{geom}}(U) \rightarrow W_{F,S} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow 1$
- $F/\mathbb{Q}_\ell$ finite ext. $\ni \sqrt{\ell}$, $\ell \neq p$.
- G split reductive gp / F

Def. ${}^{\text{cl}}\text{Loc}_{\widehat{G}, F, S}^{\square} : \mathcal{O}_E\text{-alg} \rightarrow \text{Sets}$

$$A \mapsto \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{continuous homomorphisms} \\ \rho: W_{F,S} \rightarrow \widehat{G}(A) \end{array} \right\}$$

$${}^{\text{cl}}\text{Loc}_{\widehat{G}, F, S}^{\square} = {}^{\text{cl}}\text{Loc}_{\widehat{G}, F, S}^{\square} / \widehat{G}. \quad \square$$

Topology: Usually topology on $W_{F,S}$

every $\mathcal{O}_E$ -mod

$$M = \varinjlim_i M_i, \quad M_i \text{ f.g.} \quad M_i = \varprojlim_n M_i / \omega^n$$

$\leadsto$ ind- ω -adic top.

A $\mathcal{O}_E$ -alg $\leadsto$ equipped with ind- ω -adic top.

$\Rightarrow A/\mathcal{O}_E$ finite, A/E finite usual ω -adic top.

• $A/\mathcal{O}_E/\omega^n$ discrete top.

• $A = \overline{E}$ stronger than the usual ω -adic top.

Thm $(l > 2)$ $\square$ $\text{Loc}_{\widehat{G}, F, S}$ is repr. by disjoint union of affine schemes of finite type $/\mathcal{O}_E$.

Key ingredient: Let $\bar{\rho}: W_{F, S} \rightarrow \widehat{G}(\kappa)$ be a continuous residual repn, κ/κ_E finite

$\leadsto (R_{\bar{\rho}}^{\square}, \mathfrak{m}, \kappa)$ universal framed deformation ring of $\bar{\rho}$

$$\rho: W_{F, S} \rightarrow \widehat{G}(R_{\bar{\rho}}^{\square})$$

ρ a priori is continuous w.r.t. $\mathfrak{m}$ -adic top. on $R_{\bar{\rho}}^{\square}$

Claim, ρ is continuous w.r.t. ind- ω -adic top.

What does this mean? could still be

$$R_{\bar{\rho}}^{\square}/\omega \text{ is discrete } (R_{\bar{\rho}}^{\square} \cong \kappa(\llbracket t \rrbracket))$$

Claim $\Rightarrow \rho(\pi_1^{\text{geom}}(U)) \subset \widehat{G}(R_{\bar{\rho}}^{\square}/\omega)$ is finite

$\nearrow$ de Jong's conjecture & proved by Dennis $(l > 2)$

Another ingredient: Deformation theory is controlled by

$$C_{\text{cts}}^*(W_{F, S}, \text{Ad}_{\rho})[1], \text{ Better to formulate}$$

derived modul: problem $\leadsto \text{Loc}_{\widehat{G}, F, S}$.

Remark 1. Similar construction works for G/F local field residue char $p \neq l$.

$$\leadsto \text{Loc}_{\widehat{G}, F} / \mathcal{O}_E.$$

Simpler: No need something like de Jong's conj

no non-trivial str.

Wild inertia $\nearrow$ inertia $\nearrow$ Can define $/\mathbb{Z}[\frac{1}{p}]$.

$$\phi_F \hookrightarrow I_F \hookrightarrow W_F \quad W_F^t = W_F / P_F$$

$$1 \rightarrow I_F^t \rightarrow W_F^t \rightarrow \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow 1$$

$$\pi \triangleright (1)$$

$$\text{Loc}_F \supset \text{Loc}_F^{\text{tame}} \supset \text{Loc}_F^{\text{unr}}$$

$$d \neq p^{d''}$$

$$\{ \rho: W_F^t \rightarrow \widehat{G} \} \quad \{ \rho: \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \widehat{G} \}$$

$\text{Loc}_F^{\text{tame}} \subset \text{Loc}_F$ is open and closed.

$$\pi: \text{Loc}_{\widehat{G}, F, S} \longrightarrow \prod_{v \in S} \text{Loc}_v \times \text{Loc}_w^{\text{unr}}$$

$$\downarrow \quad \quad \quad \downarrow$$

$$\text{Loc}_{\widehat{G}, F, S \cup \{w\}} \longrightarrow \prod_{v \in S} \text{Loc}_v \times \text{Loc}_w$$

2. $S \neq \emptyset \rightsquigarrow \text{Cts}(W_{F,S}, -)[1] \supseteq \text{Ret}(U, -)$

not quasi-smooth $\rightarrow$ everywhere unramified $\rightarrow$

$$\text{Loc}_{\widehat{G}}(X) \longrightarrow \text{Loc}_v^{\text{unr}}$$

quasi-smooth $\rightarrow$

$$\text{Loc}_{\widehat{G}, F, \{v\}} \longrightarrow \text{Loc}_v$$

e.g. $X = \mathbb{P}^1$, $\text{Loc}_{\widehat{G}}(X) \rightarrow \text{Loc}_{\infty}^{\text{unr.}}$

$$\text{Loc}_0^{\text{unr}} \cong \text{Loc}_{\widehat{G}, \infty}^{\text{tame}} \longrightarrow \text{Loc}_{\infty}^{\text{tame}}$$

3. F # field. then

$$\rho: \Gamma_{F,S} = \pi_1(\mathcal{O}_{F,S}) \rightarrow \widehat{G}(R_{\bar{\rho}}^{\square})$$

is in general not continuous w.r.t. the ind- ϖ -adic top.

(Joint in progress with Emerton).

(i) $R_{\bar{\rho}}^{\square} \twoheadrightarrow R_{\bar{\rho}}^{\square, \text{cris}, k}$ crystalline deformations.

Then conjecture:

$$\rho: \Gamma_{F,S} \rightarrow \widehat{G}(R_{\bar{\rho}}^{\square, \text{cris}, k}) \quad S \supset \text{all places above } l.$$

is continuous w.r.t. ind- ϖ -adic top.

$\leadsto$ should exist alg stack / $\mathcal{O}_E$ classifying

Galois reps coming from algebraic geometry
 (ii) $\pi: \text{Loc}_{\widehat{G}, F, S} \rightarrow \prod_{v \in S} \text{Loc}_v$ $\left(\begin{smallmatrix} v \mid l & \text{Loc}_v \\ & \text{EG stack} \end{smallmatrix} \right)$
 Conj $\Rightarrow$ π is relatively representable.

2. Cohomology of moduli of Shtukas

G semisimple (for simplicity) / $F = \mathbb{F}_q(x)$.

$\Lambda = \mathbb{F}, \mathcal{O}_E, \mathfrak{a}_E, \dots$

$K \subset G(\mathbb{A})$ open compact, K_w hyperspecial outside S .
 I finite set

$\leadsto \text{Sht}_I \rightarrow \eta^I = \eta(x^I)$ moduli of Shtukas.
 $V \in \text{Rep}(\widehat{G}^I)$ Λ -coefficient.

$\leadsto H_I(V) = R\Gamma_c(\text{Sht}_I|_{\eta^I}, \text{Sat}(V))$

$\mathcal{H}_K = C_c(K \backslash G(\mathbb{A}) / K)$

$\text{FWeil}(\eta^I, \bar{\eta}^I)$
 $\downarrow \text{ } W_{F,S}^I$

E.g. $V = \mathbb{1}$ trivial representation, $\Lambda = \mathbb{F}$.

$H_I(\mathbb{1}) = C_c(G(F) \backslash G(\mathbb{A}) / K, \mathbb{F})$

Thm. $\Lambda = \mathbb{F}$. For every i , $\exists$ a quasi-coherent sheaf $\underline{A}_K^i$ on ${}^c\text{Loc}_{\widehat{G}, F, S}$, with $\mathcal{H}_K$ -action, s.t. -

(*) $H_I^i(V) \simeq \Gamma({}^c\text{Loc}_{\widehat{G}, F, S}, \underline{A}_K^i \otimes \tilde{V})$
 $\uparrow \quad \uparrow \quad \uparrow \quad \uparrow$
 $\mathcal{H}_K \quad \text{FWeil}(\eta^I, \bar{\eta}^I) \quad \mathcal{H}_K \quad W_{F,S}^I$

$\tilde{V}$ is the "tautological/evaluation" bundle on ${}^c\text{Loc}_{\widehat{G}, F, S}$

$$\text{Loc}_{\hat{G}, F, S} \quad (\text{Loc}_{\hat{G}, F, S} \rightarrow \text{BC} \rightarrow \text{BC})$$

- Remark.
1. AGKRRV explains how to get such formula by categorical trace construction $(S = \text{empty})$.
 2. Such be true for $\Lambda = \mathbb{Q}_E$ (Work in progress by Hemo).

Example (w/ V. Lafforgue)

Def. A Langlands parameter $\rho: W_{F, S} \rightarrow \hat{G}(\bar{E})$ is called elliptic if it is semisimple & $\mathcal{S}_\rho = S_\rho / Z_{\hat{G}}$ is finite

$$S_\rho = Z_{\hat{G}}(\rho).$$

Ex. If $G = \text{GL}_n$, elliptic = irreducible

Lemma. Elliptic Langlands are isolated smooth pts in $\text{Loc}_{\hat{G}, F, S} \leftrightarrow * / S_\rho$.

Lemma. A_ρ^i is a f.d. vector space $\hookrightarrow \mathcal{S}_\rho$.

$$\underbrace{H_I^i(V)}_{\text{localized at } \rho} \underset{\rho}{\simeq} \underbrace{(A_\rho^i \otimes V_\rho)}_{\substack{\uparrow \\ \mathcal{H}_K}} \underset{\rho}{\mathcal{S}_\rho} = \underbrace{(A_\rho^i \otimes V_\rho)}_{\substack{\uparrow \\ W_{F, S}^I}} \underset{\rho}{\mathcal{S}_\rho}$$

In particular $H_I^0(1)_\rho = (A_\rho^0)_{\mathcal{S}_\rho}$

If $G = \text{GL}_n$, $\mathcal{S}_\rho = \text{triv}$. $A_\rho^0 = \pi^K$ $\pi \leftrightarrow \rho$ LC + multiplicity one

$$H_I^0(V)_\rho = A_\rho^0 \otimes V_\rho = \pi^K \otimes V_\rho.$$

Def. The parameter ρ is called stable if $\mathcal{S}_\rho = \{1\}$.

Cor. $\mathcal{G}$ stable

$$\Rightarrow H_I^\circ(V)_\mathcal{G} = H_I(1)_\mathcal{G} \otimes V_\mathcal{G}.$$

In general, $\mathcal{H}_K \subset \underline{A_\mathcal{G}^i} \subset \mathcal{G}_\mathcal{G}$

$$A_\mathcal{G}^i = \bigoplus_{\pi} \pi^K \otimes \rho_\pi^i \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{Up to Hecke} \\ \text{semisimplification} \end{array} \right)$$

$\begin{array}{ccc} & \mathcal{H}_K & \mathcal{G}_\mathcal{G} \\ \pi & \downarrow & \downarrow \end{array}$

$$H_I^\circ(V)_\mathcal{G} = \bigoplus \pi^K \otimes \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{G}_\mathcal{G}}(\underline{\rho_\pi^\circ}, \underline{V_\mathcal{G}})$$

as $\mathcal{H}_K$ -mod.

Arthur - Kottwitz

$$\rho_\pi^i = \bigotimes \rho_{\pi_v}^i$$

π_v local component of π

$$S_{\rho_v} = Z_{\hat{G}}(\rho_v) \quad \rho_v|_{W_{F_v}} : W_{F_v} \rightarrow \hat{G}$$

3. Conjectures.

Assume G is adjoint (for simplicity).

Λ coefficient ring / $\mathbb{Z}[\frac{1}{p}]$. F local field.

$\text{Rep}_{f.g.}(G(F), \Lambda)$ category generated by $\delta_K = C_c(G(F)/K, \Lambda)$ under finite colimits & retracts
 K open compact

Local Conj. $\exists$ a fully faithful functor

$$A : \text{Rep}_{f.g.}(G(F), \Lambda) \rightarrow \text{Coh}(\text{Loc } \hat{G} / \Lambda)$$

$$\text{Let } A_K = A(\delta_K) \subset \mathcal{H}_K$$

Then . if K is hyperspecial, $A_K \cong \mathcal{O}_{\text{Loc}}^{\text{unr}}$

. if G is quasi-split and $K=I$ Iwahori

$$A_I \cong \text{CohSpr}^{\text{unip}} \leftarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{unipotent coherent} \\ \text{sheaf} \end{array} \text{springer}$$

. if G is quasi-split & $K=I(1)$ pro- p -Iwahori

$$A_{I(1)} \cong \text{CohSpr}.$$

$$\text{Loc}_{\hat{T}}^{\text{tame}} \xleftarrow{r} \text{Loc}_{\hat{B}}^{\text{tame}} \xrightarrow{\pi} \text{Loc}_{\hat{G}}^{\text{tame}} \subset \text{Loc}_{\hat{G}}^{\text{open \& closed}}$$

$$\text{CohSpr} := \pi_* \mathcal{O}_{\text{Loc}_{\hat{B}}^{\text{tame}}}$$

$$\text{Loc}_{\hat{B}}^{\text{unip}} := r^{-1}(\text{Loc}_{\hat{T}}^{\text{unr}})$$

$$\text{CohSpr}^{\text{unip}} := \pi_* \mathcal{O}_{\text{Loc}_{\hat{B}}^{\text{unip}}}$$

□.

Rmk. G split & $\Lambda = \mathbb{C}$, Hellmann also made the similar conjecture.

F global field.

$$K = \prod_v K_v$$

$$\text{res} : \text{Loc}_{\hat{G}, F, S} \longrightarrow \prod_{v \in S} \text{Loc}_{\hat{G}, F_v}$$

$$\text{Conjecture: } H_{\text{I}}(V) = \Gamma(\text{Loc}_{\hat{G}, F, S}, \text{res}^!(\bigotimes_v A_{K_v}) \otimes V)$$

Coh. of moduli of ShT.

$$\text{I.e. } \mathcal{A}^\bullet = \text{res}^!(\bigotimes A_{K_v})$$

$\uparrow \mathcal{A}_K$

$$\leadsto \mathcal{A}_p^{\text{elliptic}} = \bigotimes A_{K_v, p_v}$$

4. Discussion of local conj. (F local.)

Cor of the conj.

$$\text{End}_{\text{Loc}_{\hat{G}}} A_K \cong \text{End}_{\text{Rep}(G(F), \Lambda)} \delta_K = \text{DHA}_K$$

K hyperspecial.

$$\leadsto \text{End}_{\text{Loc}_{\hat{G}}^{\text{tame}}} \mathcal{O}_{\text{Loc}_{\hat{G}}^{\text{unr}}} \cong \text{End } \delta_K = H_c^*(\widehat{K}^{G(F)}, \widehat{K}^{\Lambda})$$

$$G=T \quad \text{Loc}_{\hat{G}}^{\text{tame}} = \{(\sigma, \tau) \mid \sigma\tau\sigma^{-1} = \tau^q \Rightarrow \left. \begin{array}{l} \sigma \in \hat{T} \\ \tau = \hat{T}[q-1] \end{array} \right\}$$

If $\text{char } \Lambda \mid p-1$, $\emptyset$

$$\hat{T}[q-1] \cong \text{Spec } \Lambda[x] / x^{q-1} - 1$$

$$\text{End } \Lambda \cong H^*(F^*, \Lambda)$$

$$\Lambda[x] / x^{q-1} - 1$$

Even if Λ is ^{a field} of char. 0

$\Rightarrow \text{End}_{\text{Loc}^{\text{tame}}} \mathcal{O}_{\text{Loc}^{\text{unr}}}$ concentrates in deg. 0.

$$K = \mathbb{I}_W. \quad \text{End}_{\text{Loc}^{\text{tame}}} \text{CohSpr} \simeq \text{DHA}_{\mathbb{I}}$$

(Known when $\Lambda = \overline{\mathbb{Q}}_l$, by Ben-Zvi-Chen-Helm-Nadler Hemo-Z.)

We don't the ~~general~~ form of general A_K ,
(For $G = GL_n$, Sasha Braverman's conjecture ...).

5. Discussion of the global Conjecture

$$\text{res}: \text{Loc}_{\hat{G}, F, S} \rightarrow \bigcap_{\mathfrak{p}} \text{Loc}_{\hat{G}, F_{\mathfrak{p}}}$$

- No level structure $A = \text{res}^! \boxtimes \mathcal{O}_{\text{Loc}^{\text{unr}}} = \omega_{\text{Loc}_{\hat{G}, F, S}}$.
- $X = \mathbb{P}^1$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Loc}_{\hat{G}}(X) & \rightarrow & \text{Loc}_{\infty}^{\text{unr}} \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \text{Loc}_{\infty}^{\text{unr}} \cong \text{Loc}_{\hat{G}, \infty}^{\text{tame}} & \xrightarrow{\quad \quad} & \text{Loc}_{\infty}^{\text{tame}} \end{array}$$

$$R(\text{Loc}_{\hat{G}}(X), \omega) \cong \text{End}_{\mathcal{O}_{\text{Loc}^{\text{tame}}}} \mathcal{O}_{\text{Loc}^{\text{unr}}}$$

$$\downarrow S \qquad \qquad \downarrow S \text{ local.}$$

$$H_c^i \left(\frac{G(A)}{G(\mathbb{O})} / G(F), \Lambda \right) \xleftarrow[\substack{\sim \\ \uparrow \\ X = \mathbb{P}^1}]{} \text{DHA}_K.$$

(with Emerton)

Ex. $F = \mathbb{Q}$. $G = PGL_2$

$$0 \rightarrow \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{Eisenstein}}}{\mathbb{Q}_p} \rightarrow H_c^1(Y_0(N), \mathbb{Q}_p) \rightarrow H_c^1(X_0(N), \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{cusp.}}}{\mathbb{Q}_p}) \rightarrow 0.$$

$$\uparrow \quad \quad \quad \uparrow$$

$$H_c^2(Y_0(N), \mathbb{Q}_p) = \mathbb{Q}_p(-1) \quad \quad \quad \uparrow$$

$$\quad \quad \quad \text{Eisenstein.}$$

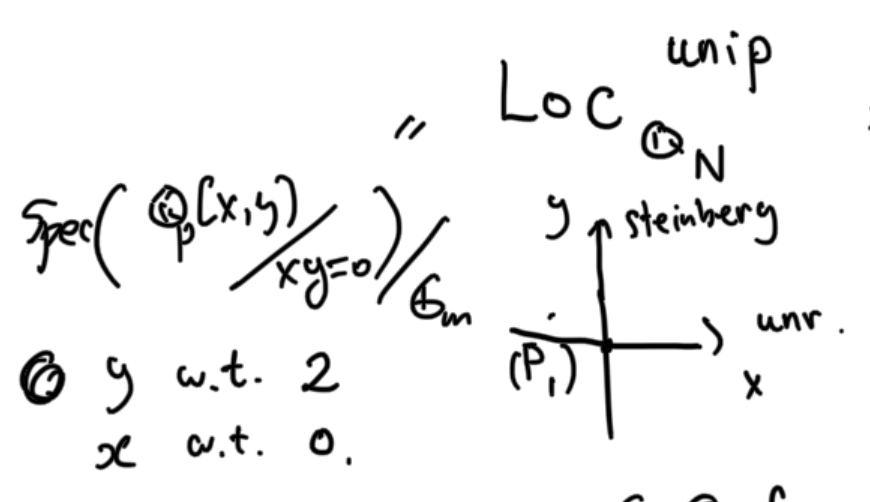
Stack of global Langlands parameters: $\mathcal{P}: \Gamma_{\mathbb{Q}, \{p, N, \infty\}} \rightarrow GL_2.$

S is cris at p , ρ (complex conjugation) $= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \\ & -1 \end{pmatrix}$, $\det = \chi$.
 $A'/G_m \sqcup \ast/\mu_2$ ($N=11$).

$\{ 0 \rightarrow \chi \rightarrow \rho \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 0 \}$

$\downarrow \text{res.}$

A_∞ line bundle of w.t. -1 .



$\text{Fact. CohSpr}^{\text{unip}} \cong \underbrace{\mathcal{O}_{\text{Loc}^{\text{unip}}}}_{\text{unip}} \oplus \underbrace{\mathcal{O}_{\text{Loc}^{\text{unr}}}}_{\text{unr}}$

$\ast/\mu_2 \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Spec } \mathbb{Q}_p[y, y^{-1}]/G_m \hookrightarrow (\mathbb{Q}_p[xy]/x)/G_m$

$\text{res}^! (\text{CohSpr}^{\text{unip}} \boxtimes A_\infty) |_{\ast/\mu_2} \cong \mathcal{O} \cdot \text{Sgn} \hookrightarrow H^1(X_0(N), \mathbb{Q}_p)$

$A'/G_m \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Spec } \mathbb{Q}_p[y]/G_m - \underbrace{\left(\text{Spec } \mathbb{Q}_p[xy]/x \right) / G_m}_{\text{Eisenstein } \mathbb{Q}_p}$

$H_c^2(Y(N), \mathbb{Q}_p)$
 $\downarrow$

$\text{res}^! (\text{CohSpr}^{\text{unip}} \boxtimes A_\infty) |_{A'/G_m} = \omega_{A'/G_m}(\dots) \oplus \bigoplus_{j \geq 0} \underbrace{\mathbb{Q}_{p, f_0(2j+1)k}}_{\text{unip}}$

$G = D_{N, \infty}$, $C. \left(\underbrace{(\mathbb{D}_{N, \infty} \otimes \mathbb{A})^x}_{D_N^x} / \mathcal{O}_D^x, \mathbb{Q}_p \right)$.

$A'/G_m \sqcup \ast/\mu_2$

$\downarrow \text{res.}$

G/G_N
 nonsplit.

$\text{Loc } \mathbb{Q}_N^{\text{unip}} \times \text{Loc } \mathbb{Q}_\infty$

A_∞ w.t. -2 .

$\rightarrow A_N = \omega_{\text{Spec}(\mathbb{Q}_p[xy]/x)/G_m}$

6. Categorical version of local Langlands.

G/F F local (split).
 $\text{Shv} \left(\frac{LG}{\text{Ad } LG} \right)$.

residue field of F is $\mathbb{F}_q$.
 $\frac{LG}{\text{Ad } LG} / \mathbb{F}_q$.

$$B(G) = \left(\frac{LG}{\text{Ad}_G LG} \right) (\mathbb{F}_q) = \text{Frob-} \text{conj class of } G(L). \quad \text{L/F completion of max. unr. ext of } F.$$

$$\Downarrow \quad \text{b} \quad \otimes_{i_b} \quad \xrightarrow{\text{body closed}} \quad \frac{LG}{\text{Ad}_G LG}.$$

J_b : Frobenius-twisted centralizer of b in G .

In particular, $b=1$. $J_b = G$.

b basic element J_b inner form of G .

$$\text{Rep}(J_b(F), \Lambda) = \text{Shv} \left(\frac{LG}{J_b(F)} \right) \hookrightarrow \text{Shv} \left(\frac{LG}{\text{Ad}_G LG} \right).$$

$$\text{Conj.} \quad \text{Shv} \left(\frac{LG}{\text{Ad}_G LG} \right) \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Ind}_{\text{nilp}} \left(\text{Coh}(\text{Loc}_{\hat{G}, F}) \right).$$

$$\uparrow i_b, \quad \uparrow$$

$$\text{Rep}_{f.g.}(G(F), \Lambda) \xrightarrow{A} \text{Coh}(\text{Loc}_{\hat{G}, F})$$

Suppose: $f: X \rightarrow Y$ proper surj. / of finite type.

$$\dots \rightrightarrows X \times_Y X \times_Y X \rightrightarrows X \times_Y X \rightrightarrows X$$

$$\text{Shv}(Y) = \varinjlim_{!-\text{push forward}} \text{Shv}(X_i).$$

$$Y = \frac{LG}{\text{Ad}_G LG}. \quad X = \frac{LG}{\text{Ad}_G I}. \quad \leftarrow \text{modul: of local shtukas with Iwahori level.}$$

Fact (Hu/Henni). $\text{Shv} \left(\frac{LG}{\text{Ad}_G LG} \right)$ has semi-orthogonal decomposition by $\text{Rep}(J_b(F), \Lambda)$, Verdier duality, ...

$$A_{K_v} = A(\delta_{K_v})$$

$$\begin{array}{c} H_I(V) \\ \uparrow \\ \text{End}(A \otimes \tilde{V}) \\ \uparrow \\ \text{End}(A \otimes \tilde{V}) \end{array}$$

and $(v, K_v \otimes v)$.

$$\pi: \frac{LG}{Ad_{\sigma} I} \rightarrow \frac{LG}{Ad_{\sigma} LG}$$

$$\underline{A_{K_v} \otimes \tilde{V}} \cong \pi_! \left(\text{Nearby cycle of stack sheaf } \otimes \delta_{K_v} \right)$$

$$End(\mathcal{F}) \subset H_I(v)$$

$$Shv^{Pen} \left(\frac{LG}{Ad_{\sigma} LG} \right) \rightarrow \text{Ind } \underline{Shv_c \left(\frac{LG}{Ad_{\sigma} LG} \right)}$$

$$Shv_c \left(\frac{LG}{Ad_{\sigma} LG} \right) = \text{colim } Shv_c (X_y^{\circ}).$$

$$\left(\frac{LG}{Ad_{\sigma} LG} \right) \xrightarrow{\text{nearby cycle}} Bun_G \text{ / fs.}$$

$$\{ (I A' / \mathbb{F}_p) \}$$