



Distributions  
Hom and  $\otimes$

Ex:  $F, g \in \text{Sh}(X, \mathcal{A})$  then the presheaf  $\text{Hom}(F, g)$  is a sheaf

$$U \mapsto \text{Hom}(F|_U, g|_U)$$

Def:  $F, g \in \text{Sh}(X, \mathcal{A})$

$$F \otimes g = (F \otimes g)^{\mathcal{A}}$$

$$\text{Prop: } \text{Hom}(g \otimes F, h) \simeq \text{Hom}(g, \text{Hom}(F, h))$$

Prop:  $\text{Hom}(-, -)$  left exact  
 $\otimes$  - right exact

Direct and inverse images

$$f: X \rightarrow Y \text{ continuous}$$

$f \in \text{Sh}(X)$

$$f_* f^{-1} : \mathcal{V} \rightarrow f_*(f^{-1}(\mathcal{V}))$$

is a sheaf (direct image)

$g \in \text{Sh}(Y)$

$$f^* g = U \mapsto \varinjlim_{(V, \varphi)} f_*(g|_V)$$

The can. morphism

$$(f^{-1} \mathcal{F})_x \rightarrow \mathcal{F}(f(x))$$

is an isom  $(\Rightarrow f^{-1}$  exact)

Prop:  $\mathcal{K}_X$  modules  $f^* = f^{-1}$  exact

~~$f^* = \mathcal{O}_X \otimes_{f^{-1} \mathcal{O}_Y} f^{-1} \mathcal{O}_Y$   
right exact for global sections~~

$$\text{then } f^{-1} \mathcal{K}_Y = \mathcal{K}_X$$

Adj:  $(f^*, f_*)$

$$\text{Hom}(f^* F, g) = \text{Hom}(F, f_* g)$$

Exactness:  $f^*$  exact  
 $f_*$  left exact

Direct image with proper support:

(From now on: loc. comp. top. spaces)

$$f_! F(V) = \{s \in F(f^{-1}(V)) \mid \text{supp } s \text{ is proper}\}$$

subsheaf of  $f_* F$ .

Would be nice to have adj:  $(f_!, f^!)$   
need to go to der. cat.

Extremely useful:  $(\text{gof})_{x \in Y} = \text{of}_x^* (\text{gof})_! = \text{gof}_!$

Part case:  $Y = \text{pt}$ .

$$f_* = \Gamma(X, -) \quad (f_! = \Gamma(X, -))$$

$$f^* M = \underline{M}_X \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{f proper: } f_* f^* f_! \\ \text{f i, j, ...} \end{array} \right.$$

Levy - some spectral sequence:

$$R^p g_* \circ R^q f_* \Rightarrow R^{p+q}(\text{gof})_*$$

$$H^p(Y, R^q f_* -) \Rightarrow H^{p+q}(X, -)$$

Derived categories

$$D_c^b(X, k) = \mathcal{F} = (\mathcal{F}^i, d^i)$$

Obj = complexes of  $\mathbb{K}_X$ -modules

s.t.  $\mathcal{H}^i(\mathcal{F}^0) = 0$  for  $|i| >> 0$ .  
(b-bounded)

$\mathcal{K}^b(\mathcal{F})$  are constructible:

$$\exists X = \sqcup X_i \text{ s.t. } \mathcal{F}|_{X_i} \text{ loc. injt.}$$
  
 $(c = \text{constructible})$

morphisms: morph. of complexes  
+ add formal inverses to  
quasi-isomorphisms.

$$i_! = R\Gamma_Z$$

sections with support in  $Z$

$$\Gamma_Z = \mathcal{H}_X \rightarrow \mathcal{H}_Z$$

Can.  $i_! \xrightarrow{c^*}$

$$R\Gamma_Z$$

$$i_! j^* F \rightarrow F \rightarrow i_* i^* F \rightarrow$$

$$i_* i^! F \rightarrow F \rightarrow j_* j^* F \rightarrow$$

$X$  Hausdorff, paracompact, countable at  $\infty$   
 $i_! \Rightarrow$  flabby  $\Rightarrow c\text{-soft} \Rightarrow \text{soft} \Leftrightarrow \text{fine}$   
 (E) (open) (compact) (closed)

$f_*$  preserves  $i_!$  & flabby  
 $f_!$  preserves  $c\text{-soft}$ .

$\forall \text{set } (U, F), \text{UCY}$   
 $\forall u = \cup U_i, \exists (s_i) \in \Gamma(U, F)$   
 $s_i$ : their  $f_{in}$  is  $loc\text{-fin}$ .  
 add  $u$  to  $S$ ,  
 and each  $s_i$  vanishes  
 outside  $U_i$ .

- $i_!$  flabby,  $c\text{-soft}$  and fine sheaves are acyclic for  $\Gamma(Y, -)$  and compute  $H(Y, -)$
- $i_!$  flabby and fine are  $f_*$ -acyclic
- $i_!$  flabby and  $c\text{-soft}$  are  $\Gamma_c(Y, -)$  acyclic and compute  $H_c(Y, -)$
- $i_!$  flabby,  $c\text{-soft}$  and  $f_*$ -soft are  $f_!$ -acyclic and compute  $Rf_!$  (c-soft on fibers)  $(f^{-1}(y))$

$RF_*, RF_! = D_C^b(X, k) \rightarrow D_C^b(Y, k)$   
 (proverse constructibility  $\rightarrow$ )  
 complex whose gen

gives  $R^u f_*, R^u f_!$

$f^*, f^! = D_C^b(Y, k) \rightarrow D_C^b(X, k)$

Adj.  $(f^*, R^u f_*)$

$(R^u f_!, f^!)$

$f: X \rightarrow Y$   $f^* \frac{1}{k} = k_X$   
 $f^! k = \omega_X$  ~~direct~~ ~~complex~~

$RF_* = R\Gamma(X, -)$  giving  $H^*(X, -)$

$RF_! = R\Gamma_C(X, -)$  giving  $H_c^*(X, -)$

Very nice:

$R(g \circ f)^* = Rg_* \circ Rf^*$

$R(g \circ f)_! = Rg_! \circ Rf_!$

$(R^u f_*)^* = R^u H^n(f^{-1}V, F)$   
 $(R^u f_!)^* = R^u H^n(X^{-1}Y, F)$

Duality:  $D_X = R\text{Hom}(-, \omega_X)$

$D_C^b(X, k) \otimes^L \omega_X^{-1} \rightarrow D_C^b(X, k)$

$D_X^2 \simeq \mathbb{D}$

$D_X R^u f_* \simeq R^u f_! D_X$  (\*)

$D_X f^* \simeq f^! D_Y$

$X$  smooth ~~smooth~~ complex manifold  
 $\dim X = d$

then  $\omega_X = \mathcal{O}_X[-2d]$   $R\Gamma(X, \omega_X) = R\Gamma(X, \mathbb{D}[2d])$

if  $f: X \rightarrow Y$

(\*) Poincaré duality

$R\Gamma(X, \mathbb{D}) = (R\Gamma_C(-, \omega_X))$ \*

$H^i(X, k) \simeq H_c^{2d-i}(X, k)^*$

$f$  proper  $\rightarrow f_* = f_!$  /  $f$  smooth relative  $\rightarrow D$   
 complex  $\rightarrow$  then  $f^! = f^* \mathbb{D}[2d]$

Inclusions  $\text{Prop 15}$

$U \subset \mathbb{A}^n \times \mathbb{A}^m \supseteq Z$   
 open closed

$(\Rightarrow$  smooth)  $(\Rightarrow$  proper)

$(j_!, i^*, j_*)$

$(i^*, i_*, i^!)$

$i_!$  and  $j_!$ : extension  
 by 0.

$i^*$  and  $j^*$ : restrictions.

$j_*$ : direct image

e.g.  $f: \mathbb{C}^x \hookrightarrow \mathbb{C}$

$H^0 = \mathbb{C}$   
 $H^1 = \mathbb{C}$   
 $H^2 = 0$   
 $H^3 = 0$